LANDLORD TENANT

FORMS INSTRUCTIONS

March 1, 2015

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Notice: Additional Requirement

Service of Process in Action for Possession of Premises

In an action for possession of any residential premises <u>Section 48.183</u>, <u>Florida</u> Statutes, imposes an additional requirement if a landlord causes or anticipates causing a defendant to be served with a summons and complaint solely by having the Sheriff post the summons and complaint at the property.

Therefore, if the landlord anticipates or is informed by the Sheriff that the defendant cannot be served in person, the landlord must provide the Clerk of the Court with an additional copy of the complaint (and attachments) and a pre-stamped envelope addressed to the defendant at the premises involved in the proceeding.

At least five days must elapse after the Clerk mails the copy of the summons and complaint to the defendant before a default can be requested and a Final Judgment Removal of Tenant can be prepared.

48.183. Service of process in action for possession of premises

- (1) In an action for possession of any residential premises, including those under chapters 83, 723, and 513, or nonresidential premises, if the tenant cannot be found in the county or there is no person 15 years of age or older residing at the tenant's usual place of abode in the county after at least two attempts to obtain service as provided above in this subsection, summons may be served by attaching a copy to a conspicuous place on the property described in the complaint or summons. The minimum time delay between the two attempts to obtain service shall be 6 hours. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting service of process on a tenant as is other provided on defendants in civil cases.
- (2) If a landlord causes or anticipates causing a defendant to be served with a summons and complaint solely by attaching them to some conspicuous place on the property described in the complaint or summons, the landlord shall provide the clerk of the court with an additional copy of the complaint and a prestamped envelope addressed to the defendant at the premises involved in the proceedings. The clerk of the court shall immediately mail the copy of the summons and complaint by first-class mail, note the fact of mailing in the docket, and file a certificate in the court file of the fact and date of mailing. Service shall be effective on the date of posting or mailing, whichever occurs later, and at least 5 days must elapse from the date of service before a judgment for final removal of the defendant may be entered.

83.22 Removal of Tenant; service-

(2) If a landlord causes, or anticipates causing a defendant to be served with a summons and complaint solely by attached them to some conspicuous part of the premises involved in the proceeding, the landlord shall provide the clerk of the court with two additional copies of the complaint and two prestamped envelopes addressed to the defendant. One envelope shall be addressed to such address or location as has been designated by the tenant for receipt of notice in a written lease or other agreement, or, if none has been designated to the residence of the tenant, if known. The second envelope shall be addressed to the last known business address of the tenant. The clerk of the court shall immediately mail the copies of the summons and complaint by first-class mail, note the fact of mailing in the docket, and file a certificate in the court file of the fact and date of mailing. Service shall be effective on the date of posting or mailing, whichever occurs later; and at least 5 days from the date of service must have elapsed before a judgment for final removal of the defendant may be entered.

LANDLORD AND TENANT EVICTION FOR RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY ONLY

NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. You may call the Florida Bar Lawyer Referral Service at 1-800-342-8011.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

FILING FEE: \$185.00 – County Court Landlord Tenant Actions

\$400.00 - Circuit Court (if exceeds \$15,000) Landlord Tenant

Actions

SUMMONS FEES: There is a \$10.00 fee to issue any summons (including alias and pluries) per defendant.

PROCESS SERVERS FEE: Please refer to the <u>list of approved process servers</u>.

SHERIFF'S FEE: \$40.00 per summons

COPIES REQUIRED: Originals for filing and one set of copies per defendant for services and one set of copies along with preaddressed stamped envelopes per defendant for certificate of mailing.

WRIT OF POSSESSION FEE: \$90.00 for the sheriff to serve the Writ of Possession after the Final Judgment has been entered.

LANDLORD TENANT FORMS—INSTRUCTIONS

Dear Landlord or Tenant:

The attached forms are designed for use in the event of common landlord/tenant disputes. They should be used only for residential leases. If you have a commercial, agricultural, or personal property lease, you should consult with an attorney. No form should be used until you have carefully reviewed and understand the instructions preceding the form and reviewed by any referenced Florida Statute.

The residential landlord/tenant relationship is controlled by the terms of your lease and by Part II of Chapter 83 of the Florida Statutes. The procedures for enforcing your rights under your lease and Part II of Chapter 83 are set forth in section 51.011, Florida Statutes. You are advised to carefully review these statutes before starting any legal proceeding concerning a residential lease. Copies of these statutes are available at the Law Library and at your public library.

Before you can start a lawsuit to end a residential lease or withhold rental payments, you must first give proper written notice. The form of the notice will depend on the landlord's or tenant's reason for terminating the lease or withholding rent. The following is listed the reasons for a landlord to terminate a lease and evict a tenant.

- 1. The tenant has not paid his rent on time.
- 2. The tenant has not complied with the requirements of the lease or has violated Florida Statutes.
- 3. The tenant has violated his rental agreement for failure of tenant to comply with its statutory obligations to maintain the dwelling unit or material provisions of the rental agreement (other than failure to pay rent).
- 4. The landlord needs possession and it is not for any of the above reasons.

The landlord will need to either, hand deliver, post, or mail any of the above notices to the tenant in order to terminate the lease and evict the tenant for those the reasons listed.

The tenant must give notice to the landlord for one of two reasons. First, a tenant will notify the landlord to end the lease when the landlord does not maintain the property as required by the lease or Florida Statutes.

Second, the tenant may instead withhold rent payments. Forms 3 and 4 contain the notices which must be sent to the landlord in each of these circumstances.

After sending the notice, it may be necessary to file a suit. The landlord will, as a general rule, have a suit against the tenant not only to evict the tenant (have the tenant removed from the property), but also for damages for unpaid rent. Form 5A contains a complaint for both eviction and for damages for unpaid rent. If the amount of damages exceeds \$15,000, you should not use this form. If a landlord wants to evict a tenant for breaches of the lease other than failure to pay rent, the suit may be for eviction only. Form 6 contains the complaint to evict a tenant for failure to comply with the lease for other than the payment of rent.

At the time the complaint is filed a landlord must ask the clerk of the court to issue summonses. After the summons is issued, the landlord will deliver those summonses to the sheriff or certified process server with a copy of the complaint, and all attachments for service on the tenant.

Once the complaint has been served and the Clerk or the Court has entered a default against the tenant, the landlord may request that a judgment be entered. For eviction only, the landlord can request a default after five days, not counting the date of service, weekends and holidays. If the tenant answers the complaint and follows the instructions listed in the summons, the case will be set for a hearing and parties will be notified of the hearing date. If the landlord is requesting a judgment for rent and/or damages, a default cannot be requested until 20 days after service on the defendant.

If the court rules that the landlord is entitled to evict the tenant and/or recover damages for unpaid rent, the court will sign a judgment in the landlord's favor. The Clerk's Office will prepare the Final Judgment for Removal of Tenant and forward to the Judge for signature. Should a landlord receive a final judgment for eviction and the tenant remains in the property, he/she must ask the clerk of the court to execute a Writ of Possession . The Writ of Possession should be delivered to the sheriff for service on the tenant after execution by the clerk.

The landlord usually may keep the security deposit to apply against damage to the property cause by the tenant. The landlord's right to keep the security deposit is strictly limited by the Florida Statutes. To keep the security deposit, the landlord must send a notice to the tenant. Form 12 provides you with the form for a Notice of Intent to Claim Security Deposit.

FORM 1 – NOTICE FROM LANDLORD TO TENANT – TERMINATION FOR FAILURE TO PAY RENT

This notice may be delivered by mail or by delivering a copy to the dwelling unit, or if the Tenant is absent from the dwelling unit, by leaving a copy thereof at the dwelling unit.

If the Tenant fails to pay rent when due and the default continues for three (3) days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays) after delivery of written demand by the Landlord for payment of the rent or possession of the premises, the Landlord may terminate the rental agreement. This written demand is a prerequisite to an action to evict the Tenant or recover past due rent. Your written rental agreement may have allowed for a longer period than three days and should be reviewed.

SOURCE: Section 83.56(3) and (4), Florida Statutes (2009)

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

THREE DAY NOTICE TERMINATION FOR FAILURE TO PAY RENT

Го:			
	Tenant's Name		
	Address		
	City, State, Zip Coo	de	
From Date:			-
Date.			_
	(insert amoun	ified that you are indebted to me in the sum towed by tenant) for the rent and use of the	
ocan		dress of premises, including county]	1 1011da,
10W		that I demand payment of the rent or posse	ssion of the
orem	ises within three day	s (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal ho	olidays) from
he da	ate of delivery of this	s notice, to-wit: on or before the day	y of,
20	_ [insert the date whi	ich is three days from the delivery of this no	otice,
	•	very, Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays]	
•		e above will be eight straight days, excludin	g the date
maile	ed).		
		Signature	
		Name of Landlord/Property Manager [circle	e one]
		Address [street address where Tenant can d	eliver rent]
		City, State, Zip Code	
		Phone Number (including area code)	

PROOF OF SERVICE

that I serv	ved the Three Day Notice, of	years of age, declare under penalty of perjury of which this is a true copy, on the above n the manner indicated below:	r
Or	n20	, I handed the notice to the tenant.	
	<u>-</u>	son of suitable age and discretion at the on, 20	
_	posted the Notice in a cons	picuous place at the Tenant's residence, 20	
	sent by mail a true copy of esidence on	the Notice to the Tenant at his place of, 20	
Executed	on	20	
		Signature of Landlord/Property Manager (Circle One)	
This form	n was completed with the as	ssistance of:	
Name: Address: Telephon	ne Number:		
10-2.1(a) o	for use under rule of the Rules Regulating the Flor a Bar 2010	ida Bar FORM 1	1

FORM 2 — NOTICE FROM LANDLORD TO TENANT NOTICE OF NON COMPLIANCE FOR MATTERS OTHER THAN FAILURE TO PAY RENT

Violation of a rental agreement which may entitle the Landlord to send this Notice include, the material failure of Tenant to comply with its statutory obligations to maintain the dwelling unit under Florida Statute 83.52 or materials provisions of the rental agreement (other than failure to pay rent), or reasonable rules and regulations. For the notice necessary to terminate the rental agreement under circumstances where the Tenant must be given the opportunity to remedy the violation, see Florida Statutes 83.56(2)(b).

The delivery of this written notice may be by mailing or delivering a true copy of the dwelling unit, or, if the tenant is absent from the dwelling unit, by leaving a copy of the notice at the dwelling unit.

This written notice must be delivered, and the seven-day time period must run, prior to any termination of the rental agreement or any law suit for eviction.

SOURCE: Sections 83.52 and 83.56, Florida Statutes (2009)

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

SEVEN DAY NOTICE WITH CURE

То:			
	Tenant's Name		
	Address		
	City, State, Zip Co	de	
From: Date:			
	•	hat you are not complying with your	rental
remedy the notice or the premnature is	he noncompliance, def your rental agreemen isses upon such termina repeated within twelv you being given an o	or violation.] Demand is hereby ault or violation within seven days of the shall be deemed terminated and yeation. If this same conduct or conduct we months, your tenancy is subject apportunity to cure the noncompliant.	of receipt of this you shall vacate uct of a similar to termination
		Signature	
		Name of Landlord/Property Manage	er (circle one)
		Address	
		City, State, Zip Code	
		Phone Number (with area code)	

PROOF OF SERVICE

	I, the undersigned, being that I served the notion over mentioned tenant is	ce to pay rent	or move, of	which this is a true c	opy, on
	On	_, 20, I	handed the r	otice to the tenant.	
	I handed the notice to residence/business on	•	_		enant's
	I posted the notice in, 20_	•	s place at the	tenant's residence of	n
Exec	uted on	, 20	, at	□ A.M. □ P	М.
			Signature		

FORM 2A — NOTICE FROM LANDLORD TO TENANT TERMINATION FOR NONCOMPLIANCE OTHER THAN FAILURE TO PAY RENT – WITHOUT A CHANCE TO CURE

Notice of noncompliance with the requirements of the lease or where the tenant has violated Florida Statutes without a chance to cure. This form will be used if the noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure it or if the noncompliance constitutes a subsequent or continuing noncompliance within 12 months of a written warning by the landlord of a similar violation.

This notice may also be used with the Supreme Court Form 6 – Complaint for Eviction for Failure to Comply with Lease (Other than Failure to Pay rent)

This written notice must be delivered, and the seven-day time period must run, prior to any termination of the rental agreement or any law suit for eviction.

SOURCE: Sections <u>83.52</u> and <u>83.56</u>, Florida Statutes (2009)

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

SEVEN DAY NOTICE – DEMAND FOR POSSESSION WITHOUT CURE

To:		
	Tenant's Name	
	Address	
	City, State, Zip Coo	de
From:		
Date:		
You have		nat your lease is terminated effective immediately. elivery of this notice to vacate the premises.
	-	Signature
	:	Name of Landlord/Property Manager (circle one)
		Address
		City, State, Zip Code
	:	Phone Number (with area code)

PROOF OF SERVICE

	I, the undersigned, being at ry that I served the notice to bove mentioned tenant in pos	pay rent c	or move, of	which this is a true copy,	on
	On, 20_	, I h	anded the	notice to the tenant.	
	I handed the notice to a per residence/business on		_		's
	I posted the notice in a con, 20	-	place at th	e tenant's residence on	
Exec	uted on	, 20	, at	□ A.M. □ P.M.	
			Signature	e	

FORM 2A

FORM 24 – NOTICE FROM LANDLORD TO TENANT – FIFTEEN DAY NOTICE FOR POSSESSION OF PREMISES

Florida Statute 83.57 Termination of Tenancy Without Specific Term.

15 Day Notice – If the landlord needs possession of this property and it is not for any of the previous reasons and the rent is paid on a month to month basis, this form would be used giving the tenant a fifteen day written notice to vacate the premises. This notice should be given fifteen days prior to the rent being due. If the tenant does not vacate, the landlord would file his complaint for eviction. If a written lease agreement has been entered into, this section does not apply.

Form 6- Complaint for Possession of Residential Real Property Other than Non-Payment of Rent – to be used with the 15 day Notice for Possession

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

NOTICE FROM LANDLORD TO TENANT FIFTEEN DAY NOTICE FOR POSSESSION OF PREMISES

To:	
Tenant's	Name
Address	
City, Sta	ite, Zip Code
YOU A	RE HEREBY NOTIFIED that your tenancy of the premises
described as _	
	Florida
	[insert address of premises, including county]
is hereby termi	nated as of, 20, pursuant to Section 83.57
Florida Statute	s, and you are to vacate the premises on said date.
PLEAS	E GOVERN YOURSELF ACCORDINGLY.
Dated this	, day of, 20
	Signature
	Name of Landlord/Property Manager [circle one]
	Address [street address when Tenant can deliver rent]
	City, State, Zip Code
	Phone Number (including area code)

PROOF OF SERVICE

	I, the undersigned, being at lary that I served the notice to poove mentioned tenant in poss	ay rent o	or move, o	f which this is	a true copy, on
	On, 20_	, I h	nanded the	notice to the t	enant.
	I handed the notice to a person residence/business on		_		at the tenant's
	I posted the notice in a cons	-	place at th	e tenant's resi	dence on
Execu	uted on	, 20	, at	□ A.N	И. □ Р.М.
			Signatur	e	

FORM 24

FORM 3 — NOTICE FROM TENANT TO LANDLORD — TERMINATION FOR FAILURE OF LANDLORD TO MAINTAIN PREMISES AS REQUIRED BY FLORIDA STATUTE 83.51(1) OR MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT.

The tenant should carefully review sections 83.51(1) and 83.51(2), Florida Statutes, and the rental agreement and should ensure that the violations by the Landlord alleged by the Tenant in the notice do, in fact exist. The tenant's right to terminate the rental agreement exists only after notice is given and if the landlord fails to maintain the premises as required by section 83.51 or material provision of the rental agreement. Section 83.51(1) provides as follows:

- 83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises.
- (1) The landlord at all times during the tenancy shall:
 - (a) Comply with the requirements of applicable building, housing, or health codes; or
 - (b) Where there are no applicable building, housing, and health codes, maintain the roofs, windows, screens, doors, floors, steps, porches, exterior walls, foundations, and all other structural components in good repair and capable of resisting normal forces and loads and the plumbing in reasonable working condition. However, the landlord shall not be required to maintain a mobile home or other structure owned by the tenant.

The landlord's obligations under this subsection may be modified by the lease in the case of a single-family home or duplex.

- (2) (a) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, in addition to the requirements of subsection (1), the landlord of a dwelling unit other than a single family home or duplex shall, at all times during the tenancy, make reasonable provisions for:
 - 1. The extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants, wood-destroying organisms, and bedbugs. When vacation of the premises is required for such extermination, the landlord shall not be liable for damages but shall abate the rent.

The tenant shall be required to temporarily vacate the premises for a period of time not to exceed 4 days, on 7 days' written notice, if necessary, for extermination pursuant to this subparagraph.

- 2. Locks and keys.
- 3. The clean and safe condition of common areas.
- 4. Garbage removal and outside receptacles therefor.
- 5. Functioning facilities for heat during winter, running water, and hot water.
- (b) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, at the commencement of the tenancy of a single family home or duplex, the landlord shall install working smoke detection devices. As used in this paragraph, the term "smoke detection device" means an electrical or battery-operated device which detects visible or invisible particles of combustion and which is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Factory Mutual Laboratories, Inc. or any other nationally recognized testing laboratory using nationally accepted testing standards.
- (c) Nothing in this part authorizes the tenant to raise a noncompliance by the landlord with this subsection as a defense to an action for possession under s. 83.59.
- (d) This subsection shall not apply to a mobile home owned by a tenant.
- (e) Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits the landlord from providing in the rental agreement that the tenant is obligated to pay costs or charges for garbage removal, water, fuel, or utilities.
- (3) If the duty imposed by subsection (1) is the same or greater than any duty imposed by subsection (2), the landlord's duty is determined by subsection (1). (4) The Landlord is not responsible to the tenant under this section for conditions created or caused by the other person on the premises with the tenant's consent.
- (4) The landlord is not responsible to the tenant under this section for conditions created or caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of the tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or other person on the premises with the tenant's consent.

SOURCE: Section 83.56, Florida Statutes (2009)

NOTICE FROM TENANT TO LANDLORD — TERMINATION FOR FAILURE OF LANDLORD TO MAINTAIN PREMISES AS REQUIRED BY FLORIDA STATUTE 83.51(1) OR MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT.

TO:			
	Landlord's Name (or Landlo	ndlord's Authorized	
	Representative, resident	manager, or the person	
	who collects the rent from	n the Landlord).	
	Address		
EDOM.	City, State, Zip Code		
FROM:	Tenant		
DATE:	Tellant		
DATE.			
T1.:.	:- 4- :C 414		
		you are not maintaining m	-
-		(1) and our rental agreement	
-		on-compliance, violations, or	
seven days	s, I intend to terminate	the rental agreement, move	out, and hold you
-		ting from the termination:	•
1	, .		
List landlo	rd's violations, non-cor	npliance or default:	
List idildio	i de la violationa, non con		
		Tenant's Name	
		Address, Unit Number:	
		Phone Number:	
This form wa	as completed with the assist	tance of:	
Name:			
Address:			
	o.: ()		
1 cicpitone IV	··· (/		
Approved for u	se under rule 10-2.1(a) of		Form 3

Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating The Florida Bar The Florida Bar 2010

FORM 4 — NOTICE FROM TENANT TO LANDLORD — WITHHOLDING RENT FOR FAILURE OF LANDLORD TO MAINTAIN PREMISES AS REQUIRED BY FLORIDA STATUTE 83.51 (1) OR MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT

A Tenant cannot withhold rent from the Landlord without sending notice and allowing the Landlord time to cure the non-compliance, violation, or default of its obligations. Failure to send the required notice to the Landlord has significant impact on a Tenant's rights under the rental agreement and Florida Statutes. If the non-compliance is not remedied within the time period specified by statute (or such longer time as may be granted in your written rental agreement) and the Landlord's failure to comply renders the dwelling unit untenantable, rent may be reduced in proportion to the loss of rental value caused by the non-compliance. If the Landlord's violation of its obligation is not remedied, but the failure to cure the non-compliance does not render the dwelling unit untenantable, the Tenant may remain in the dwelling unit and the rent shall be reduced, until the violation is cured, by an amount in proportion to the loss of rental value caused by the failure to cure the violation. In any legal proceeding, however, the Tenant will have to pay all past due rent, and rent as it comes due during the legal proceedings, into the registry of the Court. The Tenant should, therefore, deposit all rent as it comes due in a separate bank account until the Tenant's disputes with the Landlord have been resolved. For the text of Florida Statute 83.51 (1), and the grounds for withholding rent, see the not to Form 3.

SOURCE: Sections 83.56 and 83.60, Florida Statutes (2007)

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

NOTICE FROM TENANT TO LANDLORD — WITHHOLDING RENT FOR FAILURE OF LANDLORD TO MAINTAIN PREMISES AS REQUIRED BY FLORIDA STATUTE 83.51 (1) OR MATERIAL PROVISIONS OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT

TO:			
	Landlord's Name (or Land	lord's authorized	
	Representative, resident ma	anager, or the person	
	who collects the rent from	the Landlord)	
	Address		
ED OM	City, State, Zip Code		
FROM:	Tenant		<u> </u>
DATE:			
required by agreement. violation or	is to inform you that you Florida Statute 83.51 (1) If you do not complete to default, within seven dainate the rental agreement) or material provisions of the following repairs, no sys I intent to withhold fu	of our rental n-compliance,
List non-co	mpliance or default:		
This letter i	s sent to you pursuant to	Florida Statute 83.56.	
		Tenant's Name	
		Address, Unit Numbe	er:
		Phone Number:	
	s completed with the assistar		
Address:			
	p.: ()		FORM 4
Approved for us	e under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rule	es Regulating The Florida Bar.	The Florida Bar 2010

FORM 5

COMPLAINT FOR LANDLORD TO EVICT

TENANTS INSTRUCTIONS

Form 5 should be used if only eviction of the Tenant is sought. Form 5A should be used to evict the Tenant and recover damages (past due rent).

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

IN THE COUNTY COURT, IN AND FOR

CC	OUNTY, FLORIDA
[insert County in which rental prop	perty is located]

insert name of	Landlord]	Plaintiff,		CASE NO		[insert case n by Clerk of th		 gned
vs. [insert name of		Defendant		COMPLA	AINT F	OR EVICTIO	ON	
Plaintif	f,		_ [insert	name	of	Landlord],	sues	Defendant
1. which the proper	ty is located] (Fenant from			property		
	e property incl	uding, if applicat	ole, unit numb	per].		[ir	nsert legal	or street
	_ [insert rental	as possession of amount] payable	e				[insert term	s of rental
payments, i.e., w 4. failed to make].		y, etc.]. A copy of the results of t						

Plaintiff served Defendant with a notice on, 20_ [insert date of notice], to pay the rent or deliver

possession but Defendant refuses to do either. A copy of the notice is attached as Exhibit "B."

Signature
Name of Landlord/Property Manager (circle one)
Address
City, State, Zip Code

Phone Number

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment for possession of the property against Defendant.

FORM 5A

COMPLAINT FOR LANDLORD TO EVICT TENANTS FOR FAILURE TO PAY RENT AND TO RECOVER PAST DUE RENT

INSTRUCTIONS

Form 5 should be used if only eviction of the Tenant is sought. Form 5A should be used to evict the Tenant and recover damages (past due rent).

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

IN THE COUNTY COURT, IN AND FOR

_____COUNTY, FLORIDA [insert County in which rental property is located]

insert	t name of	Landlord]			CASE NO).				
L			Plaintiff,			[insert	case of the Co	number urt]	assigned	l
vs.										
					C	OMPLAII	NT FOR 1	EVICTIO	N	
[insert	t name of	Tenant]				ANI) DAMA(GES		
		I	Defendant.	/						
				,						
[insert r	Plaintiff name of T	enant] and alleges:	[ir	nsert name o	of Landlord], s	sues Defer	ndant,			
					UNT I Eviction					
	1.	This is an action to	evict the Te	enant from re	al property in_			[insert co	unty in w	hich the
property	y is locate	d] County, Florida.								
	2.	Plaintiff owns	the	· ·	described		property [insert]	in legal or str	the eet descri	County ption of
property	y includin	g, if applicable, unit i	number].							
\$	3.	Defendant has pos		_			_			
		etc.]. A copy of the								
make].	4.	Defendant failed to	pay the ren	t due	, 20)[insert	t date of pa	ayment Te	enant has f	ailed to
or doliv	5.	Plaintiff served Defesion but Defendant re							e], to pay	the rent
or deriv	er possess	sion but Defendant le	ruses to do	either. A coj	py of the flotic	e is attach	eu as Exili	on D.		
	WHERI	EFORE, Plaintiff dem	ands judgn	nent for posse	ession of the pro	operty agai	nst Defen	dant.		
				COU	JNT II					
				Dar	nages					

This is an action for damages that do not exceed \$15,000.

Plaintiff restates those allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 5 above.

6.

7.

8. Defenda	ant owes Plaintiff \$	that is due w	ith interest [insert past due rent
amount] since	, 20[insert date of	last rental payment Tenant failed to make].
WHEREFORE,	Plaintiff demands judgmen	t for damages against Defendant.	
		Landlord's Name	
		Address, Unit Number	
		Phone Number	
This form was completed with the Name:	he assistance of:		
Address:			
Telephone Number:			
Approved for use under rule 10-2.	1(a) of the Rules Regulating The	Florida Bar	
The Florida Bar 2010			

FORM 6

COMPLAINT FOR LANDLORD TO EVICT TENANTS FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH RENTAL AGREEMENT (OTHER THAN FAILURE TO

PAY RENT) INSTRUCTIONS

Form 6 should be used for eviction of Tenants if the Tenant's default is something other than failure to pay rent. If damages are sought a separate count, as set forth in the form 5A is necessary.

See Instructions to Form 5 and 5A.

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

IN THE COUNTY COURT, IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA

[insert County in which rental property is located]

[insert name of Landlord]	CASE NO.
Plaintiff,	[insert case number assigned by Clerk of the Court]
VS.	
	COMPLAINT FOR EVICTION
[insert name of Tenant] Defendant	
Plaintiff,	_ [insert name of Landlord], sues Defendant,
[insert name of	Tenant] and alleges:
1. This is an action to evict a	Tenant from real property in[insert county in
which the property is located] County, Florida.	
	following described real property in the County: [insert legal or street]
description of the property including, if applica	ole, unit number].
3. Defendant has possession of agreement, if any, is attached as Exhibit "A."	the property under a (oral/written) agreement . A copy of the written
4. Plaintiff served Defendant v	vith a notice on, 20 [insert date of notice]
giving written notice to the Defendant that the notice, setting forth the violation of the rental ag	e Defendant was in violation of its rental agreement. A copy of the greement, is attached as Exhibit "B".
	ct or discontinue the conduct set forth in the above-mentioned notice. gment for possession of the property against Defendant.
	Landlord's Name
	Address
	Phone Number

This form was completed with the assistance of: Name: Address: Telephone Number:

FORM 76—MOTION FOR CLERK'S DEFAULT – RESIDENTIAL EVICTION

The Tenant will have five days, after service, to file a written response to a Complaint for eviction, and 20 days, after service, to file a written response to a complaint for back rent and damages. If the Tenant fails to file a written response in that time the Landlord is entitled to a judgment by default.

Obtaining the judgment is a two-step process. First, a Clerk's default should be obtained by delivering to the Clerk of the Court an executed Motion for Clerk's Default. Form 76 should be used to obtain a Clerk's Default when the tenant has failed to respond to an eviction complaint and Form 77 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to Respond to a complaint for back rent and damages. In order to be entitled to a default, Form 81, Nonmilitary Affidavit must be filed with the Clerk.

Second, based on the Clerk's default, a default final judgment should be obtained from the judge handling the case. The default final judgment is obtained by delivering to the Court a Motion for Default Final Judgment-Residential Eviction (Form 78) and/or a Motion for Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction) (Form 79) with an Affidavit of Damages (Form 80). If the Landlord is seeking a Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction), a copy of the motion and affidavit must be served on the Defendant. The forms provide a certificate of service to be completed established property service of the motion and affidavit.

FORM NOTES ARE FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT COMPLETELY DESCRIBE REQUIREMENTS OF FLORIDA LAW. YOU SHOULD CONSULT AN ATTORNEY AS NEEDED.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR OKALOOSA COUNTY

		CASE NO
		[insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord	Plaintiff,	
VS.		MOTION FOR CLERK'S DEFAULTRESIDENTIAL EVICTION
[insert name of Tenant]	Defendant.	
Plaintiff asks the Cler [name], De		fault against failing to respond as required by law.
		ame.
		ame:ddress:
	Te	elephone No.:
DEFAU	ULT RESID	ENTIAL EVICTION
A default is entered in failing to response as requir		against the Defendant for eviction for
Date:		Peacock II lerk of Circuit Court and Comptroller
		y: Deputy Clerk
		Deputy Clerk

[insert name o	of Landlord]

Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar

The Florida Bar 2010

This form was completed with the assistance of: Name: Address: Telephone No.

FORM 77—MOTION FOR DEFAULT FINAL JUDGMENT – DAMAGES (RESIDENTIAL EVICTION)

The tenant will have five days, after service, to file a written response to a Complaint for eviction, and 20 days, after service, to file a written response to a complaint for back rent and damages. If the Tenant fails to file a written response in that time the Landlord is entitled to a judgment by default.

Obtaining the judgment is a two-step process. First a Clerk's default should be obtained by delivering to the Clerk of the Court, an executed Motion for Clerk's Default. Form 76 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to an eviction complaint and Form 77 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to a complaint for back rent and damages. In order to be entitled to a default, Form 81, Nonmilitary Affidavit, must be filed with the Clerk.

Second, based on the Clerk's default, a default final judgment should be obtained from the judge handling the case. The default final judgment is obtained by delivering to the Court a Motion for Default Final Judgment-Residential Eviction (Form 78) and/or Motion for Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction) (Form 79) with an Affidavit of Damages (Form 80). If the Landlord is seeking a Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction), a copy of the motion and affidavit must be served on the Defendant. The forms provide a certificate of service to be completed establishing proper service of the motion and affidavit.

	CASE NO [insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord Plaint	 iff.
VS.	MOTION FOR CLERK'S DEFAULT DAMAGES (RESIDENTIAL EVICTION)
[insert name of Tenant] Defer	ndant.
Plaintiff asks the Clerk to en[name], Defenda Plaintiff's Complaint for damages.	nt, for failing to respond as required by law to
	Name:
	Address:
	Telephone No.:
DEFA	AULT - DAMAGES
A default is entered in this a failure to respond as required by la	ction against the Defendant for damages for w.
Date:	JD Peacock II
	Clerk of Circuit Court and Comptroller
	By:
	By: Deputy Clerk

cc:	
	[insert name of Landlord]
	[insert name and address of Tenant
	orm was completed with the ance of:
Name Addre	
Telep	hone Number:

Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar

The Florida Bar 2010

FORM 78—MOTION FOR DEFAULT FINAL JUDGMENT (RESIDENTIAL EVICTION)

The tenant will have five days, after service, to file a written response to a Complaint for eviction, and 20 days, after personal service, to file a written response to a complaint for back rent and damages. If the Tenant fails to file a written response in that time the Landlord is entitled to a judgment by default.

Obtaining the judgment is a two-step process. First a Clerk's default should be obtained by delivering to the Clerk of the Court, an executed Motion for Clerk's Default. Form 76 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to an eviction complaint and Form 77 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to a complaint for back rent and damages. In order to be entitled to a default, Form 81, Nonmilitary Affidavit, must be filed with the Clerk.

Second, based on the Clerk's default, a default final judgment should be obtained from the judge handling the case. The default final judgment is obtained by delivering to the Court a Motion for Default Final Judgment-Residential Eviction (Form 78) and/or a Motion for Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction) (Form 79) with an Affidavit of Damages (Form 80). If the Landlord is seeking a Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction), a copy of the motion and affidavit must be served on the Defendant. The forms provide a certificate of service to be completed establishing proper service of the motion and affidavit.

	CASE NO
	[insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord	Plaintiff,
VS.	MOTION FOR DEFAULT FINAL- JUDGMENT RESIDENTIAL EVICTION
[insert name of Tenant]	Defendant.
Plaintiff asks the Clerk by law to Plaintiff's Complain	to enter a default against
1. Plaintiff filed a Com Defendant.	plaint alleging grounds for residential eviction of
2. A Default was entered [date].	by the Clerk of this Court on
WHEREFORE, Plaint Residential Eviction against I	iff asks this Court to enter a Final Judgment for Defendant.
	Signature
	Name:Address:
	Telephone No
cc: [insert name and addre	ss of Tenant

This form was completed with the assistance of:

Name:

Address:

Phone Number:

Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar

The Florida Bar 2010

FORM 79—MOTION FOR DEFAULT FINAL JUDGMENT – DAMAGES (RESIDENTIAL EVICTION)

The tenant will have five days, after service, to file a written response to a Complaint for eviction, and 20 days, after personal service, to file a written response to a complaint for back rent and damages. If the Tenant fails to file a written response in that time the Landlord is entitled to a judgment by default.

Obtaining the judgment is a two-step process. First a Clerk's default should be obtained by delivering to the Clerk of the Court, an executed Motion for Clerk's Default. Form 76 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to an eviction complaint and Form 77 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to a complaint for back rent and damages. In order to be entitled to a default, Form 81, Nonmilitary Affidavit, must be filed with the Clerk.

Second, based on the Clerk's default, a default final judgment should be obtained from the judge handling the case. The default final judgment is obtained by delivering to the Court a Motion for Default Final Judgment-Residential Eviction (Form 78) and/or Motion for Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction) (Form 79) with an Affidavit of Damages (Form 80). If the Landlord is seeking a Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction), a copy of the motion and affidavit must be served on the Defendant. The forms provide a certificate of service to be completed establishing proper service of the motion and affidavit.

CASE NO [insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
MOTION FOR DEFAULT FINAL JUDGMENT DAMAGES (RESIDENTIAL EVICTION)
efault against fendant, for failing to respond as required ges.
or damages against the Defendant. ly file an answer and a Default has been [date].
aintiff submits the attached Affidavit of
court to enter a Final judgment against
faxed and mailed, orhand hed affidavit to the Defendant at [insert address at which t by fax).

Signature	
Name:	
Address:	
Telephone No.:	

This form was completed with the assistance of: Name: Address: Telephone No.

Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar

The Florida Bar 2010 FORM 79

FORM 9 — FINAL JUDGMENT – DAMAGES

If the Court grants the judgment, the Clerk's Office will prepare and forward to the judge for signature. After the Court enters this judgment, you should obtain a certified copy of the judgment from the Clerk of the Court and record the certified copy in the public records in any county in which the Tenant owns real property. The Clerk of the Small Claims Court can probably provide you with the information concerning the collection of the amounts owed you.

A judgment for money (if properly recorded) is a lien upon the real of personal property against whom the judgment is entered for a period of ten years. The lien may then be extended for an additional period of ten years by re-recording a certified copy of the judgment prior to the expiration of the lien, and by simultaneously recording an affidavit with the current address who has a lien as a result of the judgment. The lien may not be extended beyond twenty years from the date of entry of the judgment, or beyond the point lien is satisfied, whichever occurs first.

SOURCE: Sections 55.081 and 55.10, Florida Statutes (2009)

[inse	ert name of Landlord]	
VS.	Plaintiff,	CASE NO
[inse	ert name of Tenant] Defendant.	
	FINAL JUDGME	ENT – DAMAGES
[inse	On the evidence presented, it is ADJUDGED that Plaintiff, ert Landlord's name], whose principa [insert Landlord La	l address isndlord's address] recover from Defendant nant's name], whose principal address is
\$ at th	ert Tenant's address], the sum of \$, making a total of \$, me legal rate established pursuant to select LET EXECUTION NOW ISSU	, that shall bear interest ection 55.03, Florida Statutes, FOR
20	ORDERED IN Okaloosa County, l	Florida on,
		County/Circuit Judge
c:	[insert name of Landlord]	
	[insert name of Tenant]	

FORM 66

FINAL JUDGMENT – EVICTION

If the Court grants the eviction, the Clerk's Office will prepare and forward to the judge for signature.

[inse	ert name of Landlord]	
	Plaintiff,	CASE NO [insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
vs.		
[inse	ert name of Tenant] Defendant.	
	FINAL JUDGME	ENT – EVICTION
[inse	THIS ACTION came before the Contion. On the evidence presented, it is a ADJUDGED that Plaintiff,	
and S	ert legal or street description of rental Sas court costs, WHICECUTION NOW ISSUE.	premises including, if applicable unit no CH WRIT OF POSSESSION AND
20	ORDERED IN Okaloosa County, F	Florida on,
		County Judge
cc:	[insert name of Landlord] [insert name of Tenant]	FORM 66
	[moon name of 15hallt]	

FORM 11

WRIT OF POSSESSION

This document should be delivered to the Clerk of the Court after the Court enters the final judgment evicting the Tenant. The Clerk will sign this Writ. After the Clerk signs this Writ, it must be delivered to the Sheriff to be served upon the Tenant and who, if necessary, will forcibly evict the Tenant after 24 hours from the time of service.

If requested by the Landlord to do so, the Sheriff shall stand by to keep the peace while the Landlord changes the locks and removes personal property from the premises. When such a request is made; the Sheriff may charge a reasonable hourly rate, and the person requesting the Sheriff to stand by to keep the peace shall be responsible for paying the reasonable hourly rate set by the Sheriff.

SOURCE: Section 83.62, Florida Statutes (2007)

IN THE COUNTY COURT, IN AND FOR OKALOOSA_COUNTY, FLORIDA

[insert name of Landlord]	CASE NO.
Plaintiff	[insert case number assigned by Clerk of the Court]
VS.	
[insert name of Tenant]	WRIT OF POSSESSION
Defenda	ant.
STATE OF FLORIDA FO THE SHERIFF OF OKALOOSA COUN	TTY, FLORIDA:
YOU ARE COMMANDED to Okaloosa County, Florida:	remove all persons from the following described property in [insert legal or
	s including, if applicable, unit number] and to put [insert Landlord's name] in possession of it.
DATED thisday of	
(SEAL)	JD Peacock II, Clerk of Court
	By: Deputy Clerk
	- Trung Contract
Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating The Florida Bar	This form was completed with the assistance of:
The Florida Bar 2010	Name:
	Address:
	Telephone Number:

FORM 12—NOTICE OF INTENTION TO IMPOSE CLAIM ON SECURITY DEPOSIT

A Landlord must return a Tenant's security deposit, together with interest if otherwise required, to the Tenant no more than 15 days after the Tenant leaves the leased property. The Landlord may claim all or a portion of the security deposit only after giving the Tenant written notice, by certified mail to the Tenant's last known mailing address, of the Landlord's intention to keep the deposit and the reason for keeping it. The Landlord's notice must be sent within 30 days of the date Tenant vacates the leased property. If the Landlord does not send the notice within the 30-day period, the Landlord cannot keep the security deposit. If the Tenant does not object to the notice within 15 days after receipt of the Landlord's notice of intention to impose a claim on the deposit, the Landlord may then keep the amount stated in the notice and must send the rest of the deposit to the Tenant within 30 days after the date of the notice.

SOURCE: Section 83.49(3) Florida Statutes (2007)

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO IMPOSE CLAIM ON SECURITY DEPOTI

To:		
Tenant's Na	ame	
Address		_
City State, Z	Zip Code	_
Date:		
of \$	my intention to impose a claim [insert amount of damages] upon	
	es or other reason for claiming se	[insert curity deposit].
within 15 days from the	bject in writing to this deduction time you receive this notice or I our security deposit. Your object	will be authorized to
		Name lber:
This form was completed wi Name: Address:		
Telephone No.: ()		
Approved for use under rule 10-2. the Rules Regulating The Florida	· ·	Form 12

The Florida Bar 2010

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO IMPOSE CLAIM ON SECURITY DEPOSIT

FORM 80—AFFIDAVIT OF DAMAGES

The tenant will have five days, after service to file a written response to a Complaint for eviction, and 20 days after service to file a written response to a complaint for back rent and damages. If the tenant failed to file a written response in that time the Landlord is entitled to a judgment by default.

Obtaining the judgment is a two-step process. First, a Clerk's default should be obtained by delivering to the Clerk of the Court an executed Motion for Clerk's Default. Form 76 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to an eviction complaint and Form 77 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to a complaint for back rent and damages. In order to be entitled to a default, Form 81, Nonmilitary Affidavit, must be filed with the Clerk.

Second based on the Clerk's default a default final judgment should be obtained from the judge handling the case. The default final judgment is obtained by delivering to the Court, a Motion for Default Final judgment-Residential Eviction (Form 78) and a Motion for Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction) (Form 79) with an Affidavit of Damages (Form 80). If the Landlord is seeking a Default Final Judgment – Damages (Residential Eviction), a copy of the motion and affidavit must be served on the Defendant. The forms provide a certificate of service to be completed establishing proper service of the motion and affidavit.

CASE NO	
	[insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord Plaintiff,	-
VS.	AFFIDAVIT OF DAMAGES
[insert name of Tenant] Defendant	- ·•
STATE OF FLORIDA) COUNTY OF OKALOOSA)	
[nam	uthority, personally appeared ne] who being first duly sworn, states as
follows: 1. I amthe Plaintiff or _ response) in this case and am authorized	the Plaintiff's agent (check appropriated to make this affidavit.
2. The affidavit is based on my	
3. Defendant has possession of eviction under an agreement to pay reference [week, month, or other p	-
4. Defendant has not paid th payment Tenant has failed to make].	e rent due since[date of
	[past due rent amount] as

	f \$[amount of other damages] as
alleged in the Complaint plus interes	t.
	Signature of Affiant
	Name:
	Address:
	Telephone No.:
Sworn and subscribed before me on	[date], by
[name].	who is personally known to me
	[document] as identification and
who took an oath.	
	NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF FLORIDA
	Name:
	Commission No.
	My Commission expires:
delivered a copy of this motion and a	faxed and mailed, or hand attached affidavit to the Defendant at served and fax number if sent by fax]
	Name:
	Address:
	
7	Telephone No.:
Approved for use under rule	This form was completed
	with the assistance of:
10-2.1(a) of the Rules	
10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar	Name:
Regulating the Florida Bar	

FORM 81—NONMILITARY AFFIDAVIT

The Tenant will have five days, after service, to file a written response to a Complaint for Eviction, and 20 days, after service, to file a written response to a complaint for back rent and damages. If the Tenant failed to file a written response in that time, the Landlord is entitled to a judgment by default.

Obtaining the judgment is a two-step process. First, a Clerk's default should be obtained by delivering to the Clerk of the Court an executed Motion for Clerk's Default. Form 76 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to an eviction complaint and Form 77 should be used to obtain a Clerk's default when the Tenant has failed to respond to a complaint for back rent and damages. In order to be entitled to a default, Form 81, Nonmilitary Affidavit, just be filed with the Clerk.

	CASE NO
	[insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord	Plaintiff,
vs.	NONMILITARY AFFIDAVIT
[insert name of Tenant]	Defendant.
• •	appeared before me, the undersigned authority,, who after being first duly sworn, says:
Defendant to be in the military service of provisions of the Solders' and	, is known by the Affiant not or any governmental agency or branch subject to the Sailors' Civil Relief Act.
Dated:	
	Signature of Affiant
	Name:
	Address:
	Telephone No.:
-	pefore me on[date], by
	name], who is personally known to me
who took an oath.	[document] as identification and
	NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF FLORIDA
	Name:
	Commission No
	My Commission expires:

I CERTIFY that I maile	ed, faxed and mailed, or hand
delivered a copy of this motion an	d attached affidavit to the Defendant at
insert address at which Tenant wa	as served and fax number if sent by fax]
	Name:
	Address:
	T.11 N
	Telephone No:
This form was completed with	
the assistance of:	

Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar

Name: Address:

Telephone Number:

The Florida Bar 2010 **FORM 81**

FORM 21 — MOTION AND ORDERTO DISBURSE FUNDS FROM REGISTRY OF THE COURT

INSTRUCTIONS

Form 21 should be used if the Court has granted possession and the Defendant has deposited funds into the registry of court.

		CASE NO [insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord	Plaintiff,	
vs.		
[insert name of Tenant]	Defendant.	
MOTION TO DISBUR	SE FUNDS FI	ROM REGISTRY OF THE COURT
Plaintiff.		[insert name of Landlord], asks
		I the funds being held in the Registry of
Court.		
Date:		
	Signature	of Plaintiff(s)
	Print Nam	e:
	Address:_	
	City, State	e, Zip:
	Telenhone	No.

ORDER TO DISBURSE FUNDS FROM REGISTRY OF THE COURT

The Court having reviewed the file and pleadings therein and being otherwise fully advised in the premises, it is therefore

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the Clerk of the Court is hereby directly to disburse all the funds held in the Registry of the Court to the Plaintiff.

DONE AND ORDEREI	D in Okaloosa County, Florida on the day
of	
, 20	<u>_</u> .
	COUNTY COURT JUDGE
Copies to:	
Plaintiff(s):	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Defendant(s):	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	

FORM 22—NOTICE OF VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL

This document should be delivered to the Clerk of the Court if the cause has been settled by all parties.

	CASE NO
	[insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]
[insert name of Landlord Plaintiff,	
vs.	
[insert name of Tenant]	
Defendant	
NOTICE OF VOLU	UNTARY DISMISSAL
	, in the above
[insert name	of Landlord]
styled cause hereby submit this Notice of	of Voluntary Dismissal as this cause has
been settled between parties.	
I hereby certify that a copy of this	s documents was (check one)mailed
faxed and mailedhand d	lelivered to the person(s) listed below on
the, 20	l
D. C 1 ((a)	
Defendant(s)	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Dated:	
Signatu	re of Plaintiff(s)
Print Na	ame:
Address	S:
	ate, Zip:
	one No

FORM 26—PERMISSION TO USE E-MAIL

Please complete this form and filed with the Clerk of Court to receive your Orders, Judgments, and Notice of Hearings by electronic mail.

[insert case number assigned by the Clerk of Court]

[insert name of Landlord	Plaintiff,		
vs.	,		
[insert name of Tenant]	Defendant.		
		TO USE E-MAIL	
Provide your email add Notice of Hearings or o court and by electronic n	ther written co		
By completing this form I send copies of orders/judgmail.			
I will ensure the software finterfere with my ability to		-	ater, so it does not
I will file a written notice v	with the Clerk, if	my current email addres	s changes.
Plaintiff Name (print)			
Plaintiff Name (signature)	_	_	
* email address (print <i>clea</i>	rly)	_	
Date		_	

^{*}You will not need to provide a stamped self-envelope, if you provide your email address.